

Statistics

Week # 2

2017



AP Statistics

Free-Response Questions

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Formulas begin on page 3. Questions begin on page 6. Tables begin on page 13.

Formulas

(I) **Descriptive Statistics**

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n}$$

$$s_{x} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum (x_{i} - \overline{x})^{2}}$$

$$s_{p} = \sqrt{\frac{(n_{1} - 1)s_{1}^{2} + (n_{2} - 1)s_{2}^{2}}{(n_{1} - 1) + (n_{2} - 1)}}$$

$$s_p = \sqrt{(n_1 - 1) + (n_2 - 1)}$$

$$\hat{y} = b_0 + b_1 x$$

$$b_1 = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y})}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

 $b_0 = \overline{y} - b_1 \overline{x}$

$$r = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum \left(\frac{x_i - \overline{x}}{s_x} \right) \left(\frac{y_i - \overline{y}}{s_y} \right)$$

$$b_1 = r \frac{s_y}{s_x}$$

$$s_{b_1} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{n - 2}}}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}}$$

(II) Probability

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

 $E(X) = \mu_X = \sum x_i p_i$

$$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \sigma_x^2 = \sum (x_i - \mu_x)^2 p_i$$

If *X* has a binomial distribution with parameters n and p, then:

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$

 $\mu_{\chi} = np$

$$\sigma_{\chi} = \sqrt{np(1-p)}$$

$$\mu_{\hat{p}} = p$$

$$\sigma_{\hat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

If \overline{x} is the mean of a random sample of size *n* from an infinite population with mean μ and standard deviation σ , then:

 $\mu_{\overline{x}} = \mu$

$$\sigma_{\overline{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

(III) Inferential Statistics

Standardized test statistic: $\frac{\text{statistic} - \text{parameter}}{\text{standard deviation of statistic}}$

Confidence interval: statistic \pm (critical value) • (standard deviation of statistic)

Single-Sample

Statistic	Standard Deviation of Statistic
Sample Mean	$\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$
Sample Proportion	$\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$

Two-Sample

Statistic	Standard Deviation of Statistic
Difference of sample means	$\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$
	Special case when $\sigma_1 = \sigma_2$ $\sigma_1 \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$
Difference of sample proportions	$\sqrt{\frac{p_1(1-p_1)}{n_1} + \frac{p_2(1-p_2)}{n_2}}$
	Special case when $p_1 = p_2$
	$\sqrt{p(1-p)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$
Chi-square test statistic =	$\sum \frac{(\text{observed} - \text{expected})^2}{\text{expected}}$

STATISTICS SECTION II

Part A

Questions 1-5 Spend about 65 minutes on this part of the exam. Percent of Section II score—75

Directions: Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be scored on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy and completeness of your results and explanations.

- 1. Researchers studying a pack of gray wolves in North America collected data on the length *x*, in meters, from nose to tip of tail, and the weight *y*, in kilograms, of the wolves. A scatterplot of weight versus length revealed a relationship between the two variables described as positive, linear, and strong.
 - (a) For the situation described above, explain what is meant by each of the following words.
 - (i) <u>Positive:</u>
 - (ii) Linear:
 - (iii) Strong:

The data collected from the wolves were used to create the least-squares equation $\hat{y} = -16.46 + 35.02x$.

- (b) Interpret the meaning of the slope of the least-squares regression line in context.
- (c) One wolf in the pack with a length of 1.4 meters had a residual of -9.67 kilograms. What was the weight of the wolf?

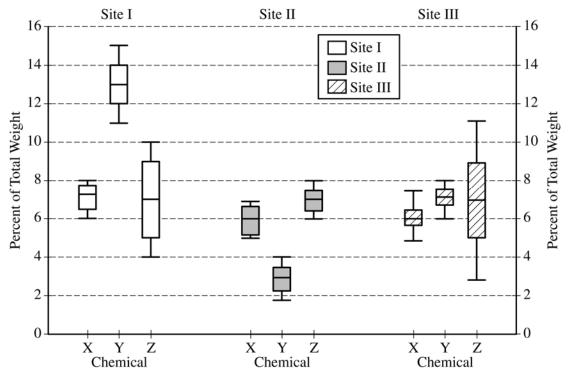
- 2. The manager of a local fast-food restaurant is concerned about customers who ask for a water cup when placing an order but fill the cup with a soft drink from the beverage fountain instead of filling the cup with water. The manager selected a random sample of 80 customers who asked for a water cup when placing an order and found that 23 of those customers filled the cup with a soft drink from the beverage fountain.
 - (a) Construct and interpret a 95 percent confidence interval for the proportion of all customers who, having asked for a water cup when placing an order, will fill the cup with a soft drink from the beverage fountain.
 - (b) The manager estimates that each customer who asks for a water cup but fills it with a soft drink costs the restaurant \$0.25. Suppose that in the month of June 3,000 customers ask for a water cup when placing an order. Use the confidence interval constructed in part (a) to give an interval estimate for the cost to the restaurant for the month of June from the customers who ask for a water cup but fill the cup with a soft drink.

- 3. A grocery store purchases melons from two distributors, J and K. Distributor J provides melons from organic farms. The distribution of the diameters of the melons from Distributor J is approximately normal with mean 133 millimeters (mm) and standard deviation 5 mm.
 - (a) For a melon selected at random from Distributor J, what is the probability that the melon will have a diameter greater than 137 mm?

Distributor K provides melons from nonorganic farms. The probability is 0.8413 that a melon selected at random from Distributor K will have a diameter greater than 137 mm. For all the melons at the grocery store, 70 percent of the melons are provided by Distributor J and 30 percent are provided by Distributor K.

- (b) For a melon selected at random from the grocery store, what is the probability that the melon will have a diameter greater than 137 mm?
- (c) Given that a melon selected at random from the grocery store has a diameter greater than 137 mm, what is the probability that the melon will be from Distributor J?

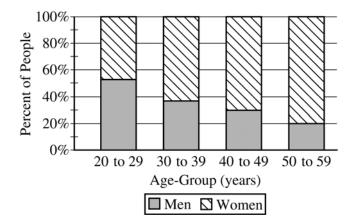
4. The chemicals in clay used to make pottery can differ depending on the geographical region where the clay originated. Sometimes, archaeologists use a chemical analysis of clay to help identify where a piece of pottery originated. Such an analysis measures the amount of a chemical in the clay as a percent of the total weight of the piece of pottery. The boxplots below summarize analyses done for three chemicals—X, Y, and Z—on pieces of pottery that originated at one of three sites: I, II, or III.



- (a) For chemical Z, describe how the percents found in the pieces of pottery are similar and how they differ among the three sites.
- (b) Consider a piece of pottery known to have originated at one of the three sites, but the actual site is not known.
 - (i) Suppose an analysis of the clay reveals that the sum of the percents of the three chemicals X, Y, and Z is 20.5%. Based on the boxplots, which site—I, II, or III—is the most likely site where the piece of pottery originated? Justify your choice.
 - (ii) Suppose only one chemical could be analyzed in the piece of pottery. Which chemical—X, Y, or Z would be the most useful in identifying the site where the piece of pottery originated? Justify your choice.

5. The table and the bar chart below summarize the age at diagnosis, in years, for a random sample of 207 men and women currently being treated for schizophrenia.

Age-Group (years)								
	20 to 29 30 to 39 40 to 49 50 to 59 Total							
Women	46	40	21	12	119			
Men	53	23	9	3	88			
Total	99	63	30	15	207			



Do the data provide convincing statistical evidence of an association between age-group and gender in the diagnosis of schizophrenia?

STATISTICS SECTION II Part B Question 6 Spend about 25 minutes on this part of the exam. Percent of Section II score—25

Directions: Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be scored on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy and completeness of your results and explanations.

6. Consider an experiment in which two men and two women will be randomly assigned to either a treatment group or a control group in such a way that each group has two people. The people are identified as Man 1, Man 2, Woman 1, and Woman 2. The six possible arrangements are shown below.

Arrangement A		Arrangement B			Arrange	ement C	
Treatment	Control		Treatment Control			Treatment	Control
Man 1 Man 2	Woman 1 Woman 2		Man 1 Man 2 Woman 1 Woman 2			Man 1 Woman 2	Man 2 Woman 1
Arrangement D			Arrange	ement E		Arrange	ement F

An angement D				
Treatment	Control			
Woman 1	Man 1			
Woman 2	Man 2			

Arrangement E					
Treatment	Control				
Man 2 Woman 2	Man 1 Woman 1				

Arrangement F				
Treatment	Control			
Man 2 Woman 1	Man 1 Woman 2			

Two possible methods of assignment are being considered: the sequential coin flip method, as described in part (a), and the chip method, as described in part (b). For each method, the order of the assignment will be Man 1, Man 2, Woman 1, Woman 2.

- (a) For the sequential coin flip method, a fair coin is flipped until one group has two people. An outcome of tails assigns the person to the treatment group, and an outcome of heads assigns the person to the control group. As soon as one group has two people, the remaining people are automatically assigned to the other group.
 - (i) Complete the table below by calculating the probability of each arrangement occurring if the sequential coin flip method is used.

Arrangement	А	В	С	D	Е	F
Probability						

(ii) For the sequential coin flip method, what is the probability that Man 1 and Man 2 are assigned to the same group?

The six arrangements are repeated below.

Arrangement A			Arrangement B			Arrangement C		
Treatment	Control		Treatment	Control		Treatment	Control	
Man 1	Woman 1		Man 1	Man 2		Man 1	Man 2	
Man 2	Woman 2		Woman 1	Woman 2		Woman 2	Woman 1	
					-			
Arrang	ement D		Arrangement E			Arrangement F		
Treatment	Control		Treatment	Control		Treatment	Control	
Woman 1	Man 1		Man 2	Man 1		Man 2	Man 1	
Woman 2	Man 2		Woman 2	Woman 1		Woman 1	Woman 2	

- (b) For the chip method, two chips are marked "treatment" and two chips are marked "control." Each person selects one chip at random without replacement.
 - (i) Complete the table below by calculating the probability of each arrangement occurring if the chip method is used.

Arrangement	A	В	С	D	Е	F
Probability						

- (ii) For the chip method, what is the probability that Man 1 and Man 2 are assigned to the same group?
- (c) Sixteen participants consisting of 10 students and 6 teachers at an elementary school will be used for an experiment to determine lunch preference for the school population of students and teachers. As the participants enter the school cafeteria for lunch, they will be randomly assigned to receive one of two lunches so that 8 will receive a salad, and 8 will receive a grilled cheese sandwich. The students will enter the cafeteria first, and the teachers will enter next. Which method, the sequential coin flip method or the chip method, should be used to assign the treatments? Justify your choice.

STOP

END OF EXAM

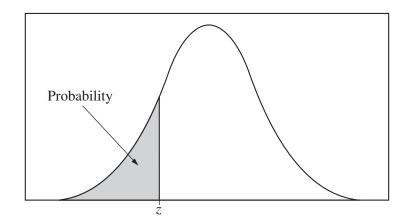


Table entry for z is the probability lying below z.

Table A	Standard	normal	probabilities
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z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
-3.4	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0002
-3.3	.0005	.0005	.0005	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0003
-3.2	.0007	.0007	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0005	.0005	.0005
-3.1	.0010	.0009	.0009	.0009	.0008	.0008	.0008	.0008	.0007	.0007
-3.0	.0013	.0013	.0013	.0012	.0012	.0011	.0011	.0011	.0010	.0010
-2.9	.0019	.0018	.0018	.0017	.0016	.0016	.0015	.0015	.0014	.0014
-2.8	.0026	.0025	.0024	.0023	.0023	.0022	.0021	.0021	.0020	.0019
-2.7	.0035	.0034	.0033	.0032	.0031	.0030	.0029	.0028	.0027	.0026
-2.6	.0047	.0045	.0044	.0043	.0041	.0040	.0039	.0038	.0037	.0036
-2.5	.0062	.0060	.0059	.0057	.0055	.0054	.0052	.0051	.0049	.0048
-2.4	.0082	.0080	.0078	.0075	.0073	.0071	.0069	.0068	.0066	.0064
-2.3	.0107	.0104	.0102	.0099	.0096	.0094	.0091	.0089	.0087	.0084
-2.2	.0139	.0136	.0132	.0129	.0125	.0122	.0119	.0116	.0113	.0110
-2.1	.0179	.0174	.0170	.0166	.0162	.0158	.0154	.0150	.0146	.0143
-2.0	.0228	.0222	.0217	.0212	.0207	.0202	.0197	.0192	.0188	.0183
-1.9	.0287	.0281	.0274	.0268	.0262	.0256	.0250	.0244	.0239	.0233
-1.8	.0359	.0351	.0344	.0336	.0329	.0322	.0314	.0307	.0301	.0294
-1.7	.0446	.0436	.0427	.0418	.0409	.0401	.0392	.0384	.0375	.0367
-1.6	.0548	.0537	.0526	.0516	.0505	.0495	.0485	.0475	.0465	.0455
-1.5	.0668	.0655	.0643	.0630	.0618	.0606	.0594	.0582	.0571	.0559
-1.4	.0808	.0793	.0778	.0764	.0749	.0735	.0721	.0708	.0694	.0681
-1.3	.0968	.0951	.0934	.0918	.0901	.0885	.0869	.0853	.0838	.0823
-1.2	.1151	.1131	.1112	.1093	.1075	.1056	.1038	.1020	.1003	.0985
-1.1	.1357	.1335	.1314	.1292	.1271	.1251	.1230	.1210	.1190	.1170
-1.0	.1587	.1562	.1539	.1515	.1492	.1469	.1446	.1423	.1401	.1379
-0.9	.1841	.1814	.1788	.1762	.1736	.1711	.1685	.1660	.1635	.1611
-0.8	.2119	.2090	.2061	.2033	.2005	.1977	.1949	.1922	.1894	.1867
-0.7	.2420	.2389	.2358	.2327	.2296	.2266	.2236	.2206	.2177	.2148
-0.6	.2743	.2709	.2676	.2643	.2611	.2578	.2546	.2514	.2483	.2451
-0.5	.3085	.3050	.3015	.2981	.2946	.2912	.2877	.2843	.2810	.2776
-0.4	.3446	.3409	.3372	.3336	.3300	.3264	.3228	.3192	.3156	.3121
-0.3	.3821	.3783	.3745	.3707	.3669	.3632	.3594	.3557	.3520	.3483
-0.2	.4207	.4168	.4129	.4090	.4052	.4013	.3974	.3936	.3897	.3859
-0.1	.4602	.4562	.4522	.4483	.4443	.4404	.4364	.4325	.4286	.4247
-0.0	.5000	.4960	.4920	.4880	.4840	.4801	.4761	.4721	.4681	.4641

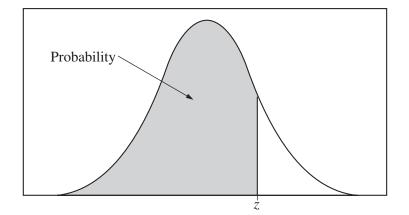


Table entry for z is the probability lying below z.

Table A(Continued)

z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0.0	.5000	.5040	.5080	.5120	.5160	.5199	.5239	.5279	.5319	.5359
0.1	.5398	.5438	.5478	.5517	.5557	.5596	.5636	.5675	.5714	.5753
0.2	.5793	.5832	.5871	.5910	.5948	.5987	.6026	.6064	.6103	.6141
0.3	.6179	.6217	.6255	.6293	.6331	.6368	.6406	.6443	.6480	.6517
0.4	.6554	.6591	.6628	.6664	.6700	.6736	.6772	.6808	.6844	.6879
0.5	.6915	.6950	.6985	.7019	.7054	.7088	.7123	.7157	.7190	.7224
0.6	.7257	.7291	.7324	.7357	.7389	.7422	.7454	.7486	.7517	.7549
0.7	.7580	.7611	.7642	.7673	.7704	.7734	.7764	.7794	.7823	.7852
0.8	.7881	.7910	.7939	.7967	.7995	.8023	.8051	.8078	.8106	.8133
0.9	.8159	.8186	.8212	.8238	.8264	.8289	.8315	.8340	.8365	.8389
1.0	.8413	.8438	.8461	.8485	.8508	8531	.8554	.8577	.8599	.8621
1.1	.8643	.8665	.8686	.8708	.8729	.8749	.8770	.8790	.8810	.8830
1.2	.8849	.8869	.8888	.8907	.8925	.8944	.8962	.8980	.8997	.9015
1.3	.9032	.9049	.9066	.9082	.9099	.9115	.9131	.9147	.9162	.9177
1.4	.9192	.9207	.9222	.9236	.9251	.9265	.9279	.9292	.9306	.9319
1.5	.9332	.9345	.9357	.9370	.9382	.9394	.9406	.9418	.9429	.9441
1.6	.9452	.9463	.9474	.9484	.9495	.9505	.9515	.9525	.9535	.9545
1.7	.9554	.9564	.9573	.9582	.9591	.9599	.9608	.9616	.9625	.9633
1.8	.9641	.9649	.9656	.9664	.9671	.9678	.9686	.9693	.9699	.9706
1.9	.9713	.9719	.9726	.9732	.9738	.9744	.9750	.9756	.9761	.9767
2.0	.9772	.9778	.9783	.9788	.9793	9798	.9803	.9808	.9812	.9817
2.1	.9821	.9826	.9830	.9834	.9838	.9842	.9846	.9850	.9854	.9857
2.2	.9861	.9864	.9868	.9871	.9875	.9878	.9881	.9884	.9887	.9890
2.3	.9893	.9896	.9898	.9901	.9904	.9906	.9909	.9911	.9913	.9916
2.4	.9918	.9920	.9922	.9925	.9927	.9929	.9931	.9932	.9934	.9936
2.5	.9938	.9940	.9941	.9943	.9945	.9946	.9948	.9949	.9951	.9952
2.6	.9953	.9955	.9956	.9957	.9959	.9960	.9961	.9962	.9963	.9964
2.7	.9965	.9966	.9967	.9968	.9969	.9970	.9971	.9972	.9973	.9974
2.8	.9974	.9975	.9976	.9977	.9977	.9978	.9979	.9979	.9980	.9981
2.9	.9981	.9982	.9982	.9983	.9984	.9984	.9985	.9985	.9986	.9986
3.0	.9987	.9987	.9987	.9988	.9988	9989	.9989	.9989	.9990	.9990
3.1	.9990	.9991	.9991	.9991	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9993	.9993
3.2	.9993	.9993	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9995	.9995	.9995
3.3	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9997
3.4	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9998

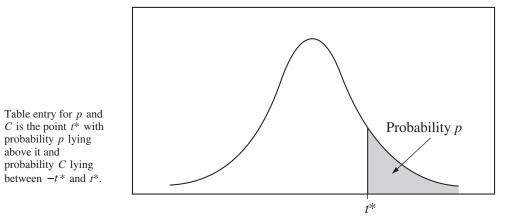


 Table B
 t distribution critical values

						Tail pro	bability p					
df	.25	.20	.15	.10	.05	.025	.02	.01	.005	.0025	.001	.0005
1	1.000	1.376	1.963	3.078	6.314	12.71	15.89	31.82	63.66	127.3	318.3	636.6
2	.816	1.061	1.386	1.886	2.920	4.303	4.849	6.965	9.925	14.09	22.33	31.60
3	.765	.978	1.250	1.638	2.353	3.182	3.482	4.541	5.841	7.453	10.21	12.92
4	.741	.941	1.190	1.533	2.132	2.776	2.999	3.747	4.604	5.598	7.173	8.610
5	.727	.920	1.156	1.476	2.015	2.571	2.757	3.365	4.032	4.773	5.893	6.869
6	.718	.906	1.134	1.440	1.943	2.447	2.612	3.143	3.707	4.317	5.208	5.959
7	.711	.896	1.119	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.517	2.998	3.499	4.029	4.785	5.408
8	.706	.889	1.108	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.449	2.896	3.355	3.833	4.501	5.041
9	.703	.883	1.100	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.398	2.821	3.250	3.690	4.297	4.781
10	.700	.879	1.093	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.359	2.764	3.169	3.581	4.144	4.587
11	.697	.876	1.088	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.328	2.718	3.106	3.497	4.025	4.437
12	.695	.873	1.083	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.303	2.681	3.055	3.428	3.930	4.318
13	.694	.870	1.079	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.282	2.650	3.012	3.372	3.852	4.221
14	.692	.868	1.076	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.264	2.624	2.977	3.326	3.787	4.140
15	.691	.866	1.074	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.249	2.602	2.947	3.286	3.733	4.073
16	.690	.865	1.071	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.235	2.583	2.921	3.252	3.686	4.015
17	.689	.863	1.069	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.224	2.567	2.898	3.222	3.646	3.965
18	.688	.862	1.067	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.214	2.552	2.878	3.197	3.611	3.922
19	.688	.861	1.066	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.205	2.539	2.861	3.174	3.579	3.883
20	.687	.860	1.064	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.197	2.528	2.845	3.153	3.552	3.850
21 22	.686	.859	1.063	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.189	2.518	2.831	3.135	3.527	3.819
22	.686	.858	1.061	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.183	2.508	2.819	3.119	3.505	3.792
23 24	.685 .685	.858	1.060	1.319	1.714	2.069 2.064	2.177 2.172	2.500	2.807	3.104	3.485	3.768
24 25	.685 .684	.857 .856	1.059	1.318 1.316	1.711 1.708	2.064 2.060	2.172	2.492 2.485	2.797 2.787	3.091 3.078	3.467 3.450	3.745 3.725
23	.684	.856	1.058 1.058	1.315	1.708	2.060	2.167	2.485	2.787	3.078	3.430	3.723
20 27	.684	.855	1.058	1.313	1.700	2.050	2.162	2.479	2.779	3.057	3.433	3.690
27	.683	.855	1.057	1.314	1.703	2.032	2.158	2.475	2.763	3.047	3.408	3.674
28 29	.683	.855	1.055	1.313	1.699	2.048	2.154	2.467	2.765	3.047	3.396	3.659
30	.683	.854	1.055	1.310	1.697	2.043	2.130	2.402	2.750	3.030	3.385	3.646
40	.681	.851	1.050	1.303	1.684	2.042	2.147	2.423	2.704	2.971	3.307	3.551
50	.679	.849	1.047	1.299	1.676	2.021	2.123	2.403	2.678	2.937	3.261	3.496
60	.679	.848	1.047	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.099	2.390	2.660	2.915	3.232	3.460
80	.678	.846	1.043	1.290	1.664	1.990	2.088	2.374	2.639	2.887	3.195	3.416
100	.677	.845	1.043	1.292	1.660	1.984	2.081	2.364	2.626	2.871	3.173	3.390
1000	.675	.842	1.037	1.282	1.646	1.962	2.056	2.330	2.581	2.813	3.098	3.300
0000	.674	.841	1.036	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.054	2.326	2.576	2.807	3.091	3.291
	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	95%	96%	98%	99%	99.5%	99.8%	99.9%
					(Confidence l	evel C					

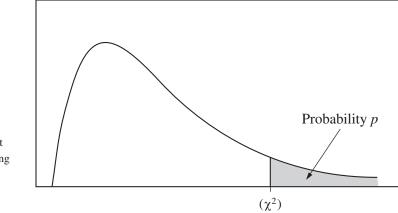


Table entry for p is the point (χ^2) with probability p lying above it.

Table C	χ^2	critical values	
---------	----------	-----------------	--

						Tail prol	bability p					
df	.25	.20	.15	.10	.05	.025	.02	.01	.005	.0025	.001	.0005
1	1.32	1.64	2.07	2.71	3.84	5.02	5.41	6.63	7.88	9.14	10.83	12.12
2	2.77	3.22	3.79	4.61	5.99	7.38	7.82	9.21	10.60	11.98	13.82	15.20
3	4.11	4.64	5.32	6.25	7.81	9.35	9.84	11.34	12.84	14.32	16.27	17.73
4	5.39	5.99	6.74	7.78	9.49	11.14	11.67	13.28	14.86	16.42	18.47	20.00
5	6.63	7.29	8.12	9.24	11.07	12.83	13.39	15.09	16.75	18.39	20.51	22.11
6	7.84	8.56	9.45	10.64	12.59	14.45	15.03	16.81	18.55	20.25	22.46	24.10
7	9.04	9.80	10.75	12.02	14.07	16.01	16.62	18.48	20.28	22.04	24.32	26.02
8	10.22	11.03	12.03	13.36	15.51	17.53	18.17	20.09	21.95	23.77	26.12	27.87
9	11.39	12.24	13.29	14.68	16.92	19.02	19.68	21.67	23.59	25.46	27.88	29.67
10	12.55	13.44	14.53	15.99	18.31	20.48	21.16	23.21	25.19	27.11	29.59	31.42
11	13.70	14.63	15.77	17.28	19.68	21.92	22.62	24.72	26.76	28.73	31.26	33.14
12	14.85	15.81	16.99	18.55	21.03	23.34	24.05	26.22	28.30	30.32	32.91	34.82
13	15.98	16.98	18.20	19.81	22.36	24.74	25.47	27.69	29.82	31.88	34.53	36.48
14	17.12	18.15	19.41	21.06	23.68	26.12	26.87	29.14	31.32	33.43	36.12	38.11
15	18.25	19.31	20.60	22.31	25.00	27.49	28.26	30.58	32.80	34.95	37.70	39.72
16	19.37	20.47	21.79	23.54	26.30	28.85	29.63	32.00	34.27	36.46	39.25	41.31
17	20.49	21.61	22.98	24.77	27.59	30.19	31.00	33.41	35.72	37.95	40.79	42.88
18	21.60	22.76	24.16	25.99	28.87	31.53	32.35	34.81	37.16	39.42	42.31	44.43
19	22.72	23.90	25.33	27.20	30.14	32.85	33.69	36.19	38.58	40.88	43.82	45.97
20	23.83	25.04	26.50	28.41	31.41	34.17	35.02	37.57	40.00	42.34	45.31	47.50
21	24.93	26.17	27.66	29.62	32.67	35.48	36.34	38.93	41.40	43.78	46.80	49.01
22	26.04	27.30	28.82	30.81	33.92	36.78	37.66	40.29	42.80	45.20	48.27	50.51
23	27.14	28.43	29.98	32.01	35.17	38.08	38.97	41.64	44.18	46.62	49.73	52.00
24	28.24	29.55	31.13	33.20	36.42	39.36	40.27	42.98	45.56	48.03	51.18	53.48
25	29.34	30.68	32.28	34.38	37.65	40.65	41.57	44.31	46.93	49.44	52.62	54.95
26	30.43	31.79	33.43	35.56	38.89	41.92	42.86	45.64	48.29	50.83	54.05	56.41
27	31.53	32.91	34.57	36.74	40.11	43.19	44.14	46.96	49.64	52.22	55.48	57.86
28	32.62	34.03	35.71	37.92	41.34	44.46	45.42	48.28	50.99	53.59	56.89	59.30
29	33.71	35.14	36.85	39.09	42.56	45.72	46.69	49.59	52.34	54.97	58.30	60.73
30	34.80	36.25	37.99	40.26	43.77	46.98	47.96	50.89	53.67	56.33	59.70	62.16
40	45.62	47.27	49.24	51.81	55.76	59.34	60.44	63.69	66.77	69.70	73.40	76.09
50	56.33	58.16	60.35	63.17	67.50	71.42	72.61	76.15	79.49	82.66	86.66	89.56
60	66.98	68.97	71.34	74.40	79.08	83.30	84.58	88.38	91.95	95.34	99.61	102.7
80	88.13	90.41	93.11	96.58	101.9	106.6	108.1	112.3	116.3	120.1	124.8	128.3
100	109.1	111.7	114.7	118.5	124.3	129.6	131.1	135.8	140.2	144.3	149.4	153.2

2018



AP Statistics

Free-Response Questions

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Formulas begin on page 3. Questions begin on page 6. Tables begin on page 12.

Formulas

(I) Descriptive Statistics

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n}$$

$$s_{x} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum \left(x_{i} - \overline{x}\right)^{2}}$$
$$s_{n} = \sqrt{\frac{(n_{1} - 1)s_{1}^{2} + (n_{2} - 1)s_{2}^{2}}{(n_{1} - 1)s_{1}^{2} + (n_{2} - 1)s_{2}^{2}}}$$

$$s_p = \sqrt{(n_1 - 1) + (n_2 - 1)}$$

$$\hat{y} = b_0 + b_1 x$$

$$b_1 = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x}) (y_i - \overline{y})}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

 $b_0 = \overline{y} - b_1 \overline{x}$

$$r = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum \left(\frac{x_i - \overline{x}}{s_x} \right) \left(\frac{y_i - \overline{y}}{s_y} \right)$$

$$b_1 = r \frac{s_y}{s_x}$$

$$s_{b_1} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{n - 2}}}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})^2}}$$

(II) Probability

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

 $E(X) = \mu_X = \sum x_i p_i$

$$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \sigma_x^2 = \sum (x_i - \mu_x)^2 p_i$$

If *X* has a binomial distribution with parameters n and p, then:

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$

 $\mu_{\chi} = np$

$$\sigma_{\chi} = \sqrt{np(1-p)}$$

$$\mu_{\hat{p}} = p$$

$$\sigma_{\hat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

If \overline{x} is the mean of a random sample of size *n* from an infinite population with mean μ and standard deviation σ , then:

 $\mu_{\overline{x}} = \mu$

$$\sigma_{\overline{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

(III) Inferential Statistics

Standardized test statistic: $\frac{\text{statistic} - \text{parameter}}{\text{standard deviation of statistic}}$

Confidence interval: statistic \pm (critical value) • (standard deviation of statistic)

Single-Sample

Statistic	Standard Deviation of Statistic
Sample Mean	$\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$
Sample Proportion	$\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$

Two-Sample

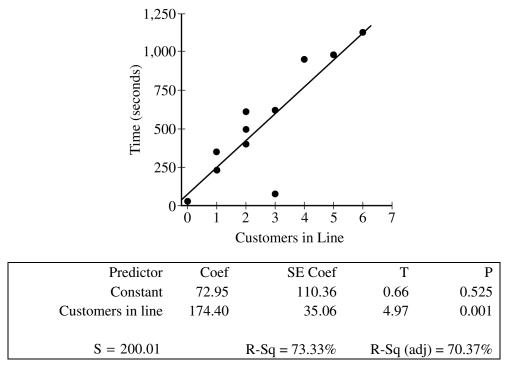
Statistic	Standard Deviation
Difference of sample means	$\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$
	Special case when $\sigma_1 = \sigma_2$ $\sigma_1 \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$
Difference of sample proportions	$\sqrt{\frac{p_1(1-p_1)}{n_1} + \frac{p_2(1-p_2)}{n_2}}$
	Special case when $p_1 = p_2$
	$\sqrt{p(1-p)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$
Chi-square test statistic =	$\sum \frac{(\text{observed} - \text{expected})^2}{\text{expected}}$

STATISTICS SECTION II Part A Questions 1-5

Spend about 1 hour and 5 minutes on this part of the exam. Percent of Section II score—75

Directions: Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be scored on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy and completeness of your results and explanations.

1. The manager of a grocery store selected a random sample of 11 customers to investigate the relationship between the number of customers in a checkout line and the time to finish checkout. As soon as the selected customer entered the end of a checkout line, data were collected on the number of customers in line who were in front of the selected customer and the time, in seconds, until the selected customer was finished with the checkout. The data are shown in the following scatterplot along with the corresponding least-squares regression line and computer output.



- (a) Identify and interpret in context the estimate of the intercept for the least-squares regression line.
- (b) Identify and interpret in context the coefficient of determination, r^2 .
- (c) One of the data points was determined to be an outlier. Circle the point on the scatterplot and explain why the point is considered an outlier.

2. An environmental science teacher at a high school with a large population of students wanted to estimate the proportion of students at the school who regularly recycle plastic bottles. The teacher selected a random sample of students at the school to survey. Each selected student went into the teacher's office, one at a time, and was asked to respond yes or no to the following question.

Do you regularly recycle plastic bottles?

Based on the responses, a 95 percent confidence interval for the proportion of all students at the school who would respond yes to the question was calculated as (0.584, 0.816).

- (a) How many students were in the sample selected by the environmental science teacher?
- (b) Given the method used by the environmental science teacher to collect the responses, explain how bias might have been introduced and describe how the bias might affect the point estimate of the proportion of all students at the school who would respond yes to the question.
- (c) The statistics teacher at the high school was concerned about the potential bias in the survey. To obtain a potentially less biased estimate of the proportion, the statistics teacher used an alternate method for collecting student responses. A random sample of 300 students was selected, and each student was given the following instructions on how to respond to the question.
 - In private, flip a fair coin.
 - If heads, you must respond no, regardless of whether you regularly recycle.
 - If tails, please truthfully respond yes or no.
 - (i) What is the expected number of students from the sample of 300 who would be required to respond no because the coin flip resulted in heads?
 - (ii) The results of the sample showed that 213 of the 300 selected students responded no. Based on the results of the sample, give a point estimate for the <u>proportion</u> of all students at the high school who would respond <u>yes</u> to the question.

- 3. Approximately 3.5 percent of all children born in a certain region are from multiple births (that is, twins, triplets, etc.). Of the children born in the region who are from multiple births, 22 percent are left-handed. Of the children born in the region who are from single births, 11 percent are left-handed.
 - (a) What is the probability that a randomly selected child born in the region is left-handed?
 - (b) What is the probability that a randomly selected child born in the region is a child from a multiple birth, given that the child selected is left-handed?
 - (c) A random sample of 20 children born in the region will be selected. What is the probability that the sample will have at least 3 children who are left-handed?

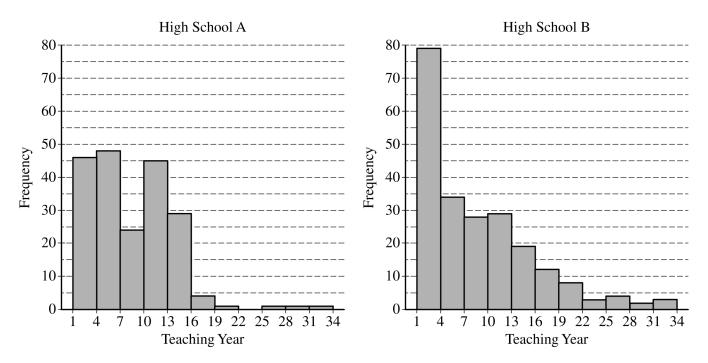
- 4. The anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) is one of the ligaments that help stabilize the knee. Surgery is often recommended if the ACL is completely torn, and recovery time from the surgery can be lengthy. A medical center developed a new surgical procedure designed to reduce the average recovery time from the surgery. To test the effectiveness of the new procedure, a study was conducted in which 210 patients needing surgery to repair a torn ACL were randomly assigned to receive either the standard procedure or the new procedure.
 - (a) Based on the design of the study, would a statistically significant result allow the medical center to conclude that the new procedure causes a reduction in recovery time compared to the standard procedure, for patients similar to those in the study? Explain your answer.

Type of Procedure	Sample Size	Mean Recovery Time (days)	Standard Deviation Recovery Time (days)
Standard	110	217	34
New	100	186	29

(b) Summary statistics on the recovery times from the surgery are shown in the table.

Do the data provide convincing statistical evidence that those who receive the new procedure will have less recovery time from the surgery, on average, than those who receive the standard procedure, for patients similar to those in the study?

5. The following histograms summarize the teaching year for the teachers at two high schools, A and B.



Teaching year is recorded as an integer, with first-year teachers recorded as 1, second-year teachers recorded as 2, and so on. Both sets of data have a mean teaching year of 8.2, with data recorded from 200 teachers at High School A and 221 teachers at High School B. On the histograms, each interval represents possible integer values from the left endpoint up to but not including the right endpoint.

- (a) The median teaching year for one high school is 6, and the median teaching year for the other high school is 7. Identify which high school has each median and justify your answer.
- (b) An additional 18 teachers were not included with the data recorded from the 200 teachers at High School A. The mean teaching year of the 18 teachers is 2.5. What is the mean teaching year for all 218 teachers at High School A?
- (c) The standard deviation of the teaching year for the 221 teachers at High School B is 7.2. If one teacher is selected at random from High School B, what is the probability that the teaching year for the selected teacher will be within 1 standard deviation of the mean of 8.2 ? Justify your answer.

STATISTICS SECTION II

Part B

Question 6

Spend about 25 minutes on this part of the exam. Percent of Section II score—25

Directions: Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be scored on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy and completeness of your results and explanations.

6. Systolic blood pressure is the amount of pressure that blood exerts on blood vessels while the heart is beating. The mean systolic blood pressure for people in the United States is reported to be 122 millimeters of mercury (mmHg) with a standard deviation of 15 mmHg.

The wellness department of a large corporation is investigating whether the mean systolic blood pressure of its employees is greater than the reported national mean. A random sample of 100 employees will be selected, the systolic blood pressure of each employee in the sample will be measured, and the sample mean will be calculated.

Let μ represent the mean systolic blood pressure of all employees at the corporation. Consider the following hypotheses.

$$H_0: \mu = 122$$

 $H_a: \mu > 122$

- (a) Describe a Type II error in the context of the hypothesis test.
- (b) Assume that σ , the standard deviation of the systolic blood pressure of all employees at the corporation, is 15 mmHg. If $\mu = 122$, the sampling distribution of \overline{x} for samples of size 100 is approximately normal with a mean of 122 mmHg and a standard deviation of 1.5 mmHg. What values of the sample mean \overline{x} would represent sufficient evidence to reject the null hypothesis at the significance level of $\alpha = 0.05$?

The actual mean systolic blood pressure of all employees at the corporation is 125 mmHg, not the hypothesized value of 122 mmHg, and the standard deviation is 15 mmHg.

- (c) Using the actual mean of 125 mmHg and the results from part (b), determine the probability that the null hypothesis will be rejected.
- (d) What statistical term is used for the probability found in part (c) ?
- (e) Suppose the size of the sample of employees to be selected is greater than 100. Would the probability of rejecting the null hypothesis be greater than, less than, or equal to the probability calculated in part (c) ? Explain your reasoning.

STOP

END OF EXAM

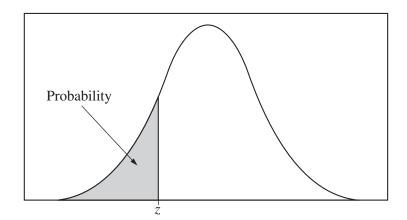


Table entry for z is the probability lying below z.

Table A	Standard	normal	probabilities
---------	----------	--------	---------------

z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
-3.4	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0002
-3.3	.0005	.0005	.0005	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0003
-3.2	.0007	.0007	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0005	.0005	.0005
-3.1	.0010	.0009	.0009	.0009	.0008	.0008	.0008	.0008	.0007	.0007
-3.0	.0013	.0013	.0013	.0012	.0012	.0011	.0011	.0011	.0010	.0010
-2.9	.0019	.0018	.0018	.0017	.0016	.0016	.0015	.0015	.0014	.0014
-2.8	.0026	.0025	.0024	.0023	.0023	.0022	.0021	.0021	.0020	.0019
-2.7	.0035	.0034	.0033	.0032	.0031	.0030	.0029	.0028	.0027	.0026
-2.6	.0047	.0045	.0044	.0043	.0041	.0040	.0039	.0038	.0037	.0036
-2.5	.0062	.0060	.0059	.0057	.0055	.0054	.0052	.0051	.0049	.0048
-2.4	.0082	.0080	.0078	.0075	.0073	.0071	.0069	.0068	.0066	.0064
-2.3	.0107	.0104	.0102	.0099	.0096	.0094	.0091	.0089	.0087	.0084
-2.2	.0139	.0136	.0132	.0129	.0125	.0122	.0119	.0116	.0113	.0110
-2.1	.0179	.0174	.0170	.0166	.0162	.0158	.0154	.0150	.0146	.0143
-2.0	.0228	.0222	.0217	.0212	.0207	.0202	.0197	.0192	.0188	.0183
-1.9	.0287	.0281	.0274	.0268	.0262	.0256	.0250	.0244	.0239	.0233
-1.8	.0359	.0351	.0344	.0336	.0329	.0322	.0314	.0307	.0301	.0294
-1.7	.0446	.0436	.0427	.0418	.0409	.0401	.0392	.0384	.0375	.0367
-1.6	.0548	.0537	.0526	.0516	.0505	.0495	.0485	.0475	.0465	.0455
-1.5	.0668	.0655	.0643	.0630	.0618	.0606	.0594	.0582	.0571	.0559
-1.4	.0808	.0793	.0778	.0764	.0749	.0735	.0721	.0708	.0694	.0681
-1.3	.0968	.0951	.0934	.0918	.0901	.0885	.0869	.0853	.0838	.0823
-1.2	.1151	.1131	.1112	.1093	.1075	.1056	.1038	.1020	.1003	.0985
-1.1	.1357	.1335	.1314	.1292	.1271	.1251	.1230	.1210	.1190	.1170
-1.0	.1587	.1562	.1539	.1515	.1492	.1469	.1446	.1423	.1401	.1379
-0.9	.1841	.1814	.1788	.1762	.1736	.1711	.1685	.1660	.1635	.1611
-0.8	.2119	.2090	.2061	.2033	.2005	.1977	.1949	.1922	.1894	.1867
-0.7	.2420	.2389	.2358	.2327	.2296	.2266	.2236	.2206	.2177	.2148
-0.6	.2743	.2709	.2676	.2643	.2611	.2578	.2546	.2514	.2483	.2451
-0.5	.3085	.3050	.3015	.2981	.2946	.2912	.2877	.2843	.2810	.2776
-0.4	.3446	.3409	.3372	.3336	.3300	.3264	.3228	.3192	.3156	.3121
-0.3	.3821	.3783	.3745	.3707	.3669	.3632	.3594	.3557	.3520	.3483
-0.2	.4207	.4168	.4129	.4090	.4052	.4013	.3974	.3936	.3897	.3859
-0.1	.4602	.4562	.4522	.4483	.4443	.4404	.4364	.4325	.4286	.4247
-0.0	.5000	.4960	.4920	.4880	.4840	.4801	.4761	.4721	.4681	.4641

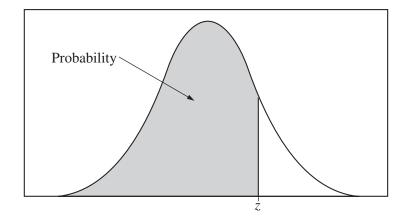


Table entry for z is the probability lying below z.

Table A(Continued)

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$,								
0.1	z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.0	.5000	.5040	.5080	.5120	.5160	.5199	.5239	.5279	.5319	.5359
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.1	.5398	.5438	.5478	.5517	.5557	.5596	.5636	.5675	.5714	.5753
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0.2	.5793	.5832	.5871	.5910	.5948	.5987	.6026	.6064	.6103	.6141
0.5	0.3	.6179	.6217	.6255	.6293	.6331	.6368	.6406	.6443	.6480	.6517
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.4	.6554	.6591	.6628	.6664	.6700	.6736	.6772	.6808	.6844	.6879
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	0.5	.6915	.6950	.6985	.7019	.7054	.7088	.7123	.7157	.7190	.7224
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	0.6	.7257	.7291	.7324	.7357	.7389	.7422	.7454	.7486	.7517	.7549
0.9 .8159 .8186 .8212 .8238 .8264 .8289 .8315 .8340 .8365 .8389 1.0 .8413 .8438 .8461 .8485 .8508 .8531 .8554 .8577 .8599 .8621 1.1 .8643 .8665 .8686 .8708 .8729 .8749 .8770 .8790 .8810 .8830 1.2 .8849 .8869 .8888 .8907 .8925 .8944 .8962 .8980 .8997 .9015 1.3 .9032 .9049 .9066 .9082 .9099 .9115 .9131 .9147 .9162 .9177 1.4 .9192 .9207 .9222 .9236 .9251 .9265 .9279 .9292 .9306 .9319 1.5 .9332 .9345 .9357 .9370 .9382 .9394 .9406 .9418 .9429 .9441 1.6 .9452 .9463 .9473 .9582 .9591 <	0.7	.7580	.7611	.7642	.7673	.7704	.7734	.7764	.7794	.7823	.7852
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	0.8	.7881	.7910	.7939	.7967	.7995	.8023	.8051	.8078	.8106	.8133
1.1.8643.8665.8686.8708.8729.8749.8770.8790.8810.8830 1.2 .8849.8869.8888.8907.8925.8944.8962.8980.8997.9015 1.3 .9032.9049.9066.9082.9099.9115.9131.9147.9162.9177 1.4 .9192.9207.9222.9236.9251.9265.9279.9292.9306.9319 1.5 .9332.9345.9357.9370.9382.9394.9406.9418.9429.9441 1.6 .9452.9463.9474.9484.9495.9505.9515.9525.9535.9545 1.7 .9554.9564.9573.9582.9591.9678.9686.9693.9699.9706 1.9 .9713.9719.9726.9732.9738.9744.9750.9756.9761.9767 2.0 .9772.9778.9783.9783.9783.9842.9846.9850.9854.9857 2.2 .9861.9864.9868.9871.9875.9878.9881.9884.9887.9890 2.3 .9893.9896.9898.9901.9904.9906.9909.9911.9913.9916 2.4 .9918.9920.9922.9925.9927.9929.9931.9932.9934.9936 2.5 .9933.9946.9945.9946.99	0.9	.8159	.8186	.8212	.8238	.8264	.8289	.8315	.8340	.8365	.8389
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.0	.8413	.8438	.8461	.8485	.8508	8531	.8554	.8577	.8599	.8621
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.1	.8643	.8665	.8686	.8708	.8729	.8749	.8770	.8790	.8810	.8830
1.4 $.9192$ $.9207$ $.9222$ $.9236$ $.9251$ $.9265$ $.9279$ $.9292$ $.9306$ $.9319$ 1.5 $.9332$ $.9345$ $.9357$ $.9370$ $.9382$ $.9394$ $.9406$ $.9418$ $.9429$ $.9441$ 1.6 $.9452$ $.9463$ $.9474$ $.9484$ $.9495$ $.9505$ $.9515$ $.9525$ $.9535$ $.9545$ 1.7 $.9554$ $.9564$ $.9573$ $.9582$ $.9591$ $.9599$ $.9608$ $.9616$ $.9625$ $.9633$ 1.8 $.9641$ $.9649$ $.9656$ $.9664$ $.9671$ $.9678$ $.9686$ $.9693$ $.9699$ $.9706$ 1.9 $.9713$ $.9719$ $.9726$ $.9732$ $.9738$ $.9744$ $.9750$ $.9756$ $.9761$ $.9767$ 2.0 $.9772$ $.9778$ $.9783$ $.9788$ $.9793$ $.9798$ $.9803$ $.9808$ $.9812$ $.9817$ 2.1 $.9826$ $.9830$ $.9834$ $.9835$ $.9842$ $.9846$ $.9850$ $.9854$ $.9857$ 2.2 $.9861$ $.9864$ $.9868$ $.9871$ $.9978$ $.9884$ $.9884$ $.9890$ 2.3 $.9893$ $.9896$ $.9898$ $.9901$ $.9906$ $.9909$ $.9911$ $.9913$ $.9916$ 2.4 $.9918$ $.9920$ $.9922$ $.9925$ $.9927$ $.9929$ $.9931$ $.9932$ $.9934$ $.9936$ 2.5 $.9938$ $.9940$ $.9941$ $.9945$ $.$	1.2	.8849	.8869	.8888	.8907	.8925	.8944	.8962	.8980	.8997	.9015
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.3	.9032	.9049	.9066	.9082	.9099	.9115	.9131	.9147	.9162	.9177
1.6 $.9452$ $.9463$ $.9474$ $.9484$ $.9495$ $.9505$ $.9515$ $.9525$ $.9535$ $.9545$ 1.7 $.9554$ $.9564$ $.9573$ $.9582$ $.9591$ $.9599$ $.9608$ $.9616$ $.9625$ $.9633$ 1.8 $.9641$ $.9649$ $.9656$ $.9664$ $.9671$ $.9678$ $.9686$ $.9693$ $.9699$ $.9706$ 1.9 $.9713$ $.9719$ $.9726$ $.9732$ $.9738$ $.9744$ $.9750$ $.9756$ $.9761$ $.9767$ 2.0 $.9772$ $.9778$ $.9783$ $.9788$ $.9793$ $.9798$ $.9803$ $.9808$ $.9812$ $.9817$ 2.1 $.9826$ $.9830$ $.9834$ $.9838$ $.9842$ $.9846$ $.9850$ $.9854$ $.9857$ 2.2 $.9861$ $.9864$ $.9868$ $.9871$ $.9875$ $.9878$ $.9881$ $.9884$ $.9887$ $.9890$ 2.3 $.9893$ $.9896$ $.9898$ $.9901$ $.9904$ $.9906$ $.9909$ $.9911$ $.9913$ $.9916$ 2.4 $.9918$ $.9920$ $.9922$ $.9925$ $.9927$ $.9929$ $.9931$ $.9932$ $.9934$ $.9936$ 2.5 $.9938$ $.9940$ $.9941$ $.9945$ $.9946$ $.9948$ $.9949$ $.9951$ $.9952$ 2.6 $.9955$ $.9956$ $.9957$ $.9959$ $.9960$ $.9961$ $.9962$ $.9963$ $.9964$ 2.7 $.9966$ $.9967$ $.9968$ $.$	1.4	.9192	.9207	.9222	.9236	.9251	.9265	.9279	.9292	.9306	.9319
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.5	.9332	.9345	.9357	.9370	.9382	.9394	.9406	.9418	.9429	.9441
1.8 $.9641$ $.9649$ $.9656$ $.9664$ $.9671$ $.9678$ $.9686$ $.9693$ $.9699$ $.9706$ 1.9 $.9713$ $.9719$ $.9726$ $.9732$ $.9738$ $.9744$ $.9750$ $.9756$ $.9761$ $.9767$ 2.0 $.9772$ $.9778$ $.9783$ $.9788$ $.9793$ $.9798$ $.9803$ $.9808$ $.9812$ $.9817$ 2.1 $.9821$ $.9826$ $.9830$ $.9834$ $.9838$ $.9842$ $.9846$ $.9850$ $.9854$ $.9857$ 2.2 $.9861$ $.9864$ $.9868$ $.9871$ $.9875$ $.9878$ $.9881$ $.9884$ $.9887$ $.9890$ 2.3 $.9893$ $.9896$ $.9898$ $.9901$ $.9906$ $.9909$ $.9911$ $.9913$ $.9916$ 2.4 $.9918$ $.9920$ $.9922$ $.9925$ $.9927$ $.9929$ $.9931$ $.9932$ $.9934$ $.9936$ 2.5 $.9938$ $.9940$ $.9941$ $.9943$ $.9946$ $.9948$ $.9499$ $.9951$ $.9952$ 2.6 $.9953$ $.9955$ $.9956$ $.9957$ $.9959$ $.9960$ $.9961$ $.9962$ $.9963$ $.9964$ 2.7 $.9966$ $.9966$ $.9967$ $.9969$ $.9970$ $.9971$ $.9972$ $.9973$ $.9974$ 2.8 $.9974$ $.9975$ $.9976$ $.9977$ $.9978$ $.9979$ $.9986$ $.9986$ 3.0 $.9987$ $.9987$ $.9987$ $.9988$ $.9988$ $.$	1.6	.9452	.9463	.9474	.9484	.9495	.9505	.9515	.9525	.9535	.9545
1.9 $.9713$ $.9719$ $.9726$ $.9732$ $.9738$ $.9744$ $.9750$ $.9756$ $.9761$ $.9767$ 2.0 $.9772$ $.9778$ $.9783$ $.9788$ $.9793$ 9798 $.9803$ $.9808$ $.9812$ $.9817$ 2.1 $.9821$ $.9826$ $.9830$ $.9834$ $.9838$ $.9842$ $.9846$ $.9850$ $.9854$ $.9857$ 2.2 $.9861$ $.9864$ $.9868$ $.9871$ $.9875$ $.9878$ $.9881$ $.9884$ $.9887$ $.9890$ 2.3 $.9893$ $.9896$ $.9898$ $.9901$ $.9906$ $.9909$ $.9911$ $.9913$ $.9916$ 2.4 $.9918$ $.9920$ $.9922$ $.9925$ $.9927$ $.9929$ $.9931$ $.9932$ $.9934$ $.9936$ 2.5 $.9938$ $.9940$ $.9941$ $.9943$ $.9945$ $.9946$ $.9948$ $.9949$ $.9951$ $.9952$ 2.6 $.9953$ $.9955$ $.9956$ $.9957$ $.9959$ $.9960$ $.9961$ $.9962$ $.9963$ $.9964$ 2.7 $.9966$ $.9966$ $.9967$ $.9969$ $.9970$ $.9971$ $.9972$ $.9973$ $.9974$ 2.8 $.9974$ $.9975$ $.9976$ $.9977$ $.9978$ $.9979$ $.9986$ $.9986$ 3.0 $.9987$ $.9987$ $.9987$ $.9988$ $.9988$ $.9989$ $.9989$ $.9990$ $.9990$ 3.1 $.9990$ $.9991$ $.9991$ $.9994$ $.9994$ $.9$	1.7	.9554	.9564	.9573	.9582	.9591	.9599	.9608	.9616	.9625	.9633
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.8	.9641	.9649	.9656	.9664	.9671	.9678	.9686	.9693	.9699	.9706
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.9	.9713	.9719	.9726	.9732	.9738	.9744	.9750	.9756	.9761	.9767
2.2.9861.9864.9868.9871.9875.9878.9881.9884.9887.98902.3.9893.9896.9898.9901.9904.9906.9909.9911.9913.99162.4.9918.9920.9922.9925.9927.9929.9931.9932.9934.99362.5.9938.9940.9941.9943.9945.9946.9948.9949.9951.99522.6.9953.9955.9956.9957.9959.9960.9961.9962.9963.99642.7.9965.9966.9967.9968.9969.9970.9971.9972.9973.99742.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9978.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9983.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9995.9995.99953.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.0	.9772	.9778	.9783	.9788	.9793	9798	.9803	.9808	.9812	.9817
2.3.9893.9896.9898.9901.9904.9906.9909.9911.9913.99162.4.9918.9920.9922.9925.9927.9929.9931.9932.9934.99362.5.9938.9940.9941.9943.9945.9946.9948.9949.9951.99522.6.9953.9955.9956.9957.9959.9960.9961.9962.9963.99642.7.9965.9966.9967.9968.9969.9970.9971.9972.9973.99742.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9977.9978.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9983.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9996.9996.9996.99963.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.1	.9821	.9826	.9830	.9834	.9838	.9842	.9846	.9850	.9854	.9857
2.4.9918.9920.9922.9925.9927.9929.9931.9932.9934.99362.5.9938.9940.9941.9943.9945.9946.9948.9949.9951.99522.6.9953.9955.9956.9957.9959.9960.9961.9962.9963.99642.7.9965.9966.9967.9968.9969.9970.9971.9972.9973.99742.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9977.9978.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9983.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9996.9996.9996.9996.99963.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.2	.9861	.9864	.9868	.9871	.9875	.9878	.9881	.9884	.9887	.9890
2.5.9938.9940.9941.9943.9945.9946.9948.9949.9951.99522.6.9953.9955.9956.9957.9959.9960.9961.9962.9963.99642.7.9965.9966.9967.9968.9969.9970.9971.9972.9973.99742.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9977.9978.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9983.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9987.9988.9989.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9996.9996.9996.99963.3.9995.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.3	.9893	.9896	.9898	.9901	.9904	.9906	.9909	.9911	.9913	.9916
2.6.9953.9955.9956.9957.9959.9960.9961.9962.9963.99642.7.9965.9966.9967.9968.9969.9970.9971.9972.9973.99742.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9977.9978.9979.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9982.9983.9984.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9996.9996.9996.99963.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.4	.9918	.9920	.9922	.9925	.9927	.9929	.9931	.9932	.9934	.9936
2.7.9965.9966.9967.9968.9969.9970.9971.9972.9973.99742.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9977.9978.9979.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9982.9983.9984.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9995.9995.99953.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.5	.9938	.9940	.9941	.9943	.9945	.9946	.9948	.9949	.9951	.9952
2.8.9974.9975.9976.9977.9977.9978.9979.9979.9980.99812.9.9981.9982.9982.9983.9984.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9995.99953.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.6	.9953	.9955	.9956	.9957	.9959	.9960	.9961	.9962	.9963	.9964
2.9.9981.9982.9982.9983.9984.9984.9985.9985.9986.99863.0.9987.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9995.99953.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996	2.7	.9965	.9966	.9967	.9968	.9969	.9970	.9971	.9972	.9973	.9974
3.0.9987.9987.9987.9988.9988.9989.9989.9989.9990.99903.1.9990.9991.9991.9992.9992.9992.9992.9993.99933.2.9993.9993.9994.9994.9994.9994.9994.9995.9995.99953.3.9995.9995.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9996.9997	2.8	.9974	.9975	.9976	.9977	.9977	.9978	.9979	.9979	.9980	.9981
3.1 .9990 .9991 .9991 .9992 .9992 .9992 .9992 .9993 .9993 3.2 .9993 .9993 .9994 .9994 .9994 .9994 .9995 .9995 .9995 .9996 </td <td>2.9</td> <td>.9981</td> <td>.9982</td> <td>.9982</td> <td>.9983</td> <td>.9984</td> <td>.9984</td> <td>.9985</td> <td>.9985</td> <td>.9986</td> <td>.9986</td>	2.9	.9981	.9982	.9982	.9983	.9984	.9984	.9985	.9985	.9986	.9986
3.2 .9993 .9993 .9994 .9994 .9994 .9994 .9994 .9995 .9995 .9995 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9997	3.0	.9987	.9987	.9987	.9988	.9988	9989	.9989	.9989	.9990	.9990
3.3 .9995 .9995 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9996 .9997	3.1	.9990	.9991	.9991	.9991	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9993	.9993
	3.2	.9993	.9993	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9995	.9995	.9995
3.4 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9997 .9998	3.3	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9997
	3.4	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9998

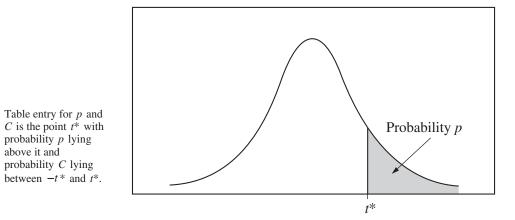


 Table B
 t distribution critical values

						Tail pro	bability p					
df	.25	.20	.15	.10	.05	.025	.02	.01	.005	.0025	.001	.0005
1	1.000	1.376	1.963	3.078	6.314	12.71	15.89	31.82	63.66	127.3	318.3	636.6
2	.816	1.061	1.386	1.886	2.920	4.303	4.849	6.965	9.925	14.09	22.33	31.60
3	.765	.978	1.250	1.638	2.353	3.182	3.482	4.541	5.841	7.453	10.21	12.92
4	.741	.941	1.190	1.533	2.132	2.776	2.999	3.747	4.604	5.598	7.173	8.610
5	.727	.920	1.156	1.476	2.015	2.571	2.757	3.365	4.032	4.773	5.893	6.869
6	.718	.906	1.134	1.440	1.943	2.447	2.612	3.143	3.707	4.317	5.208	5.959
7	.711	.896	1.119	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.517	2.998	3.499	4.029	4.785	5.408
8	.706	.889	1.108	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.449	2.896	3.355	3.833	4.501	5.041
9	.703	.883	1.100	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.398	2.821	3.250	3.690	4.297	4.781
10	.700	.879	1.093	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.359	2.764	3.169	3.581	4.144	4.587
11	.697	.876	1.088	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.328	2.718	3.106	3.497	4.025	4.437
12	.695	.873	1.083	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.303	2.681	3.055	3.428	3.930	4.318
13	.694	.870	1.079	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.282	2.650	3.012	3.372	3.852	4.221
14	.692	.868	1.076	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.264	2.624	2.977	3.326	3.787	4.140
15	.691	.866	1.074	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.249	2.602	2.947	3.286	3.733	4.073
16	.690	.865	1.071	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.235	2.583	2.921	3.252	3.686	4.015
17	.689	.863	1.069	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.224	2.567	2.898	3.222	3.646	3.965
18	.688	.862	1.067	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.214	2.552	2.878	3.197	3.611	3.922
19	.688	.861	1.066	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.205	2.539	2.861	3.174	3.579	3.883
20	.687	.860	1.064	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.197	2.528	2.845	3.153	3.552	3.850
21 22	.686	.859	1.063	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.189	2.518	2.831	3.135	3.527	3.819
22	.686	.858	1.061	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.183	2.508	2.819	3.119	3.505	3.792
23 24	.685 .685	.858	1.060	1.319	1.714	2.069 2.064	2.177 2.172	2.500	2.807	3.104	3.485	3.768
24 25	.685 .684	.857 .856	1.059	1.318 1.316	1.711 1.708	2.064 2.060	2.172	2.492 2.485	2.797 2.787	3.091 3.078	3.467 3.450	3.745 3.725
23	.684	.856	1.058 1.058	1.315	1.708	2.060	2.167	2.485	2.787	3.078	3.430	3.723
20 27	.684	.855	1.058	1.313	1.700	2.050	2.162	2.479	2.779	3.057	3.433	3.690
27	.683	.855	1.057	1.314	1.703	2.032	2.158	2.475	2.763	3.047	3.408	3.674
28 29	.683	.855	1.055	1.313	1.699	2.048	2.154	2.467	2.765	3.047	3.396	3.659
30	.683	.854	1.055	1.310	1.697	2.043	2.130	2.402	2.750	3.030	3.385	3.646
40	.681	.851	1.050	1.303	1.684	2.042	2.147	2.423	2.704	2.971	3.307	3.551
40 50	.679	.849	1.047	1.299	1.676	2.021	2.123	2.403	2.678	2.937	3.261	3.496
60	.679	.848	1.047	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.099	2.390	2.660	2.915	3.232	3.460
80	.678	.846	1.043	1.290	1.664	1.990	2.088	2.374	2.639	2.887	3.195	3.416
100	.677	.845	1.043	1.292	1.660	1.984	2.081	2.364	2.626	2.871	3.173	3.390
1000	.675	.842	1.037	1.282	1.646	1.962	2.056	2.330	2.581	2.813	3.098	3.300
0000	.674	.841	1.036	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.054	2.326	2.576	2.807	3.091	3.291
	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	95%	96%	98%	99%	99.5%	99.8%	99.9%
					(Confidence l	evel C					

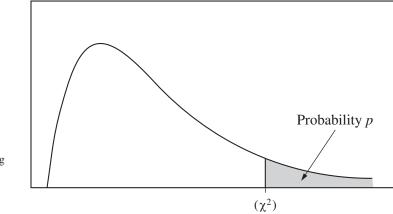


Table entry for p is the point (χ^2) with probability p lying above it.

Table C	χ^2 critical	values
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		Tail probability <i>p</i>											
df	.25	.20	.15	.10	.05	.025	.02	.01	.005	.0025	.001	.0005	
1	1.32	1.64	2.07	2.71	3.84	5.02	5.41	6.63	7.88	9.14	10.83	12.12	
2	2.77	3.22	3.79	4.61	5.99	7.38	7.82	9.21	10.60	11.98	13.82	15.20	
3	4.11	4.64	5.32	6.25	7.81	9.35	9.84	11.34	12.84	14.32	16.27	17.73	
4	5.39	5.99	6.74	7.78	9.49	11.14	11.67	13.28	14.86	16.42	18.47	20.00	
5	6.63	7.29	8.12	9.24	11.07	12.83	13.39	15.09	16.75	18.39	20.51	22.11	
6	7.84	8.56	9.45	10.64	12.59	14.45	15.03	16.81	18.55	20.25	22.46	24.10	
7	9.04	9.80	10.75	12.02	14.07	16.01	16.62	18.48	20.28	22.04	24.32	26.02	
8	10.22	11.03	12.03	13.36	15.51	17.53	18.17	20.09	21.95	23.77	26.12	27.87	
9	11.39	12.24	13.29	14.68	16.92	19.02	19.68	21.67	23.59	25.46	27.88	29.67	
10	12.55	13.44	14.53	15.99	18.31	20.48	21.16	23.21	25.19	27.11	29.59	31.42	
11	13.70	14.63	15.77	17.28	19.68	21.92	22.62	24.72	26.76	28.73	31.26	33.14	
12	14.85	15.81	16.99	18.55	21.03	23.34	24.05	26.22	28.30	30.32	32.91	34.82	
13	15.98	16.98	18.20	19.81	22.36	24.74	25.47	27.69	29.82	31.88	34.53	36.48	
14	17.12	18.15	19.41	21.06	23.68	26.12	26.87	29.14	31.32	33.43	36.12	38.11	
15	18.25	19.31	20.60	22.31	25.00	27.49	28.26	30.58	32.80	34.95	37.70	39.72	
16	19.37	20.47	21.79	23.54	26.30	28.85	29.63	32.00	34.27	36.46	39.25	41.31	
17	20.49	21.61	22.98	24.77	27.59	30.19	31.00	33.41	35.72	37.95	40.79	42.88	
18	21.60	22.76	24.16	25.99	28.87	31.53	32.35	34.81	37.16	39.42	42.31	44.43	
19	22.72	23.90	25.33	27.20	30.14	32.85	33.69	36.19	38.58	40.88	43.82	45.97	
20	23.83	25.04	26.50	28.41	31.41	34.17	35.02	37.57	40.00	42.34	45.31	47.50	
21	24.93	26.17	27.66	29.62	32.67	35.48	36.34	38.93	41.40	43.78	46.80	49.01	
22	26.04	27.30	28.82	30.81	33.92	36.78	37.66	40.29	42.80	45.20	48.27	50.51	
23	27.14	28.43	29.98	32.01	35.17	38.08	38.97	41.64	44.18	46.62	49.73	52.00	
24	28.24	29.55	31.13	33.20	36.42	39.36	40.27	42.98	45.56	48.03	51.18	53.48	
25	29.34	30.68	32.28	34.38	37.65	40.65	41.57	44.31	46.93	49.44	52.62	54.95	
26	30.43	31.79	33.43	35.56	38.89	41.92	42.86	45.64	48.29	50.83	54.05	56.41	
27	31.53	32.91	34.57	36.74	40.11	43.19	44.14	46.96	49.64	52.22	55.48	57.86	
28	32.62	34.03	35.71	37.92	41.34	44.46	45.42	48.28	50.99	53.59	56.89	59.30	
29	33.71	35.14	36.85	39.09	42.56	45.72	46.69	49.59	52.34	54.97	58.30	60.73	
30	34.80	36.25	37.99	40.26	43.77	46.98	47.96	50.89	53.67	56.33	59.70	62.16	
40	45.62	47.27	49.24	51.81	55.76	59.34	60.44	63.69	66.77	69.70	73.40	76.09	
50	56.33	58.16	60.35	63.17	67.50	71.42	72.61	76.15	79.49	82.66	86.66	89.56	
60	66.98	68.97	71.34	74.40	79.08	83.30	84.58	88.38	91.95	95.34	99.61	102.7	
80	88.13	90.41	93.11	96.58	101.9	106.6	108.1	112.3	116.3	120.1	124.8	128.3	
100	109.1	111.7	114.7	118.5	124.3	129.6	131.1	135.8	140.2	144.3	149.4	153.2	